

AUGUST 2013

# LIVESTOCK AND MEAT, AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) TUES 8 OCT 2013

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### INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

## NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
	September 2013	8 November 2013
	October 2013	6 December 2013
	November 2013	17 January 2014
INTRODUCTION	These statistics are based slaughtering establishme butchers and other small series can be obtained by publication, <i>Livestock Pro</i> Additional time series spi available from the Downl original, seasonally adjust	e statistics on livestock slaughterings and meat production. I on a monthly collection from abattoirs and other major ints and include estimates of animals slaughtered by country slaughtering establishments. More detailed information on this referring to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) quarterly <i>oducts, Australia</i> (cat. no. 7215.0). readsheets containing state/territory and national data are oads tab for this publication. These spreadsheets contain ted and trend estimates for slaughtering and meat production eers, cows and heifers, cattle (excluding calves), calves, sheep,
INQUIRIES		bout these and related statistics, contact the National
	Information and Referral	Service on 1300 135 070.
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ABBREVIATIONS	ABS Australian Burea	u of Statistics
	ARIMA autoregressive in	ntegrated moving average
	no. number	
	t tonne	

Brian Pink Australian Statistician

## MAIN FEATURES

LIVESTOCK

Livestock slaughtering trend movements for August 2013:

- Cattle slaughterings increased by 1% to 711,000 head, the highest since December 2006
- The number of calves slaughtered decreased by 2% to 53,700 head
- Sheep slaughterings remained steady at 914,000 head
- The number of lambs slaughtered remained steady at 1.8 million head
- Pig slaughterings remained steady at 402,000 head

#### LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERED, AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 2013

	Original	Seasonally Adjusted	Trend
	no.	no.	no.
Cattle(a)	731 291	709 842	710 776
Calves	105 519	54 535	53 712
Sheep	721 199	858 276	913 953
Lambs	1 785 014	1 833 870	1 808 820
Pigs	406 304	402 654	402 398

(a) Excludes calves

MEAT

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Meat production trend movements for August 2013:

- Beef production increased by 1% to a record 198,000 tonnes
- Veal production increased by 1% to 3,400 tonnes
- Mutton production remained steady at 20,200 tonnes
- Lamb production remained steady at 38,500 tonnes
- Pig meat remained steady at 30,000 tonnes

#### MEAT PRODUCED, AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 2013

	Original	Seasonally Adjusted	Trend
	t	t	t
Beef	203 595	197 857	197 506
Veal	4 578	3 479	3 438
Mutton	16 739	19 582	20 197
Lamb	37 637	39 254	38 541
Pig meat	30 942	30 209	30 203

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

#### INTRODUCTION

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

**1** This publication presents statistics on livestock slaughterings and meat production. These statistics are based on a monthly collection from abattoirs and other major slaughtering establishments and include estimates of animals slaughtered by country butchers and other small slaughtering establishments. More detailed information on this series can be obtained by referring to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) quarterly publication, *Livestock Products, Australia* (cat. no. 7215.0).

**2** From July 2010, on-farm slaughter was no longer included in estimates of livestock slaughterings or meat production. Historical data back to July 2007 were revised for all series. Calf and pig definitions were also aligned to current industry standards.

**3** In October 2010, a coverage exercise was undertaken to refresh the sample frame used in the Livestock Slaughtered collection. The coverage exercise also enabled review of the constant factor applied to monthly slaughter and meat production estimates to account for the activities of small abattoirs. Together these activities serve to ensure the ongoing quality of estimates produced from this collection.

**4** From October 2010, estimates of livestock slaughter and meat production included in this and the related publication, *Livestock Products, Australia* (cat. no. 7215.0) reflect sample frame revisions and updates to the constant arising from the coverage exercise.

**5** These changes have had only a minor impact on estimates and on comparability of data over time.

**6** Further information on the October 2010 coverage exercise and related impacts can be obtained by contacting the Rural Environment and Agriculture Statistics Branch on (03) 6222 5940.

7 Red meat is shown in carcass weight and excludes offal.

**8** Care should be taken when using this information as the figures only relate to slaughterings for human consumption and do not include animals condemned, slaughtered for pet food or those killed for boiling down.

**9** The figures in this publication have been rounded. As a result, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

**10** Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences can be more clearly recognised.

**11** In the seasonal adjustment of the livestock estimates, account has been taken of both normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects, where significant. Seasonal adjustment does not remove from the series the effect of irregular influences (e.g. abnormal weather, industrial disputes).

**12** In this publication, the seasonally adjusted estimates are produced by the concurrent seasonal adjustment method which takes account of the latest available original estimates. This method improves the estimation of seasonal factors and, therefore, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the current and previous months. As a result of this improvement, revisions to the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates will be observed for recent periods. A more detailed review is conducted annually.

**13** For further information, see *Time Series Analysis Frequently Asked Questions, 2003* (cat. no. 1346.0.55.002).

**14** From September 2007, improved methods of producing seasonally adjusted estimates were implemented, focused on the application of Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) modelling techniques. The ARIMA modelling technique can be used to extend original estimates beyond the end of a time series.

# EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT continued	<b>15</b> For further information on ARIMA modelling, see the feature article ' <i>Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions</i> ' in <i>Australian Economic Indicators, Oct 2004</i> (cat. no. 1350.0).
TREND ESTIMATES	<b>16</b> A trend estimate is obtained by reducing the irregular component from the seasonally adjusted series. For monthly data, trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. Revisions of trend estimates will occur with revisions to the original data and re-estimation of seasonal factors.
	<b>17</b> As for the seasonally adjusted state components, the state component trend estimates have been produced independently and therefore may not add up to the Australian group totals.
	<b>18</b> For further information, see Information Paper: <i>A Guide to Interpreting Time Series</i> - <i>Monitoring Trends, 2003</i> (cat. no. 1349.0).
RELATED PUBLICATIONS	<b>19</b> Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed under the Statistics and Topics @ a Glance pages on the ABS website <http: www.abs.gov.au="">. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the website which details products to be released in the week ahead.</http:>
	<ul> <li>20 Other ABS publications containing livestock data include:</li> <li><i>Agricultural Commodities, Australia</i> (cat. no. 7121.0)</li> <li><i>Livestock Products, Australia</i> (cat. no. 7215.0)</li> <li><i>Value of Agricultural Commodities Produced, Australia</i> (cat. no. 7503.0)</li> </ul>
GENERAL ACKNOWLEDGMENT	<b>21</b> ABS publications draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and other organisations. Their continued cooperation is very much appreciated. Without it, the wide range of statistics published by the ABS would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the <i>Census and Statistics Act 1905</i> .

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	data from our publ	ications and information about the ABS.

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